

## **Young People's Development of a Sense of Patriotism during Their Education**

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**Abstract:** The modern education system has developed to such an extent that it is difficult to imagine it without modern technologies. In the education system in Uzbekistan, every young learner learns from kindergarten to employment environment. However, as they say, "First upbringing, then education", the love for the motherland should be expressed in the heart of every young learner. In this article, the thoughts of young learners about the content of concepts such as teaching them patriotic ideas during the lesson and respecting the motherland are highlighted.

**Keywords:** patriotic ideas, employment environment, modern technologies, system in Uzbekistan.

### **Introduction**

Patriotism, love and loyalty to one's country are concepts deeply embedded in the life of society. It plays a decisive role in the formation of national identity, strengthening of unity and stimulating the activity of citizens. Modern teachers teach the importance of instilling patriotic feelings in young people, that they are leaders and citizens of the country in the future. This article examines the importance of learning about strategies, challenges, and potential outcomes of developing a sense of patriotism in the minds of young people in the educational process.

Patriotism is the main element of civic education and helps young people to form their attachment to their homeland, responsibility and civic duty. Through the educational process, students learn about the history, culture, and values of their nation, and develop a deeper connection and sense of gratitude towards their homeland. In addition, patriotism contributes to the unity and stability of society, instills a sense of collective pride and solidarity that transcends individual differences.

### **Main part**

Educators and staff use a variety of strategies to foster patriotism in youth, recognizing the need for a holistic approach that integrates academic, experiential, and collaborative learning. These strategies may include:

**Studying History:** Teaching students about the struggles, triumphs, and basic principles of their nation's history helps instill a sense of respect and reverence for the sacrifices of past generations.

**Civic Responsibilities:** Encouraging learners to actively participate in public affairs, democratic processes, and civic organizations fosters a sense of ownership and responsibility for the well-being of their country. Celebrating national holidays, festivals and cultural events in schools instills a sense of collective identity and belonging among students of different nationalities.

Respect for culture: introducing young people to the diverse customs, arts and heritage of their nation promotes cultural appreciation and unity, fostering a sense of shared identity beyond geographical boundaries. Incorporating lessons about national history, culture, and values into the curriculum helps students develop a deeper understanding and appreciation of their country.

Exposing students to the different customs, languages and traditions of their home country promotes cultural understanding and unity.

Critical Thinking: Encouraging young people to critically analyze societal issues, political structures, and historical events will enable them to become knowledgeable and active citizens who contribute positively to the development of their country. Teaching them to critically analyze societal problems, political structures, and current events will encourage them to become educated and active citizens.

While it is important to promote patriotism in education, educators must also address potential challenges and ethical considerations.

A strict educational approach to fostering a sense of patriotism can have many positive results for young people and society as a whole. These include:

Increasing civic engagement: students who develop a strong sense of patriotism can actively participate in democratic processes, protect social justice and contribute to the well-being of their communities.

Social cohesion and solidarity: A shared commitment to patriotic values transcends divisions of race, ethnicity, religion and socio-economic status and promotes social cohesion and solidarity among diverse populations.

National strength and pride: A generation of patriotic citizens who cherish and defend the ideals of their nation will be a bulwark against internal conflicts and external threats and will nurture a strong and proud society.

Promotes Social Cohesion: A strong sense of patriotism fosters social cohesion and solidarity among citizens, transcending differences of race, ethnicity, religion, and socioeconomic status. A population united by love for the country is well equipped to overcome difficulties and challenges and protect the sovereignty and integrity of the nation. Educational systems that prioritize the values of patriotism educate citizens committed to supporting the ideals of democracy, justice, and equality, and create a foundation for future generations of ethical and visionary leaders.

## **Conclusion**

Formation of the concept of patriotism in young people in the educational process is a multifaceted task that requires careful thinking, moral awareness, and the obligation to educate educated and active citizens. By employing strategies that encourage critical thinking, civic engagement, and cultural appreciation, professionals can raise a generation of patriots who embody the values of democracy, justice, and solidarity, and ensure the strength and prosperity of their nation.

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