

Toponyms In the Epic "Layli And Majnun"

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Abstract: The article describes the lexical features of toponyms in Alisher Navoi's epic "Layli and Majnun". The onomastic scope of the epic, i.e., the issues of using proper nouns, was analyzed.

Key words: Uzbek language, onomastics, toponyms, names of works of art, "Layli and Majnun" epic.

Although a number of researches on general theoretical issues of onomastic units have been created in Uzbek nomenclature, their aesthetic functions and features in literary texts have not been researched. In fact, in our language, the names of people and various geographical names are not only the name of a specific object in the artistic text, but also serve to emphasize the various artistic intentions of the creator. This shows the importance of identifying the expressive possibilities of our language, which is extremely rich in onomastic units, through these units, studying the names in Uzbek artistic texts together with the history, spiritual and cultural values of our people.

It is known that toponyms are the most studied among onomastic units. Toponyms are mainly formed on the basis of appellatives. The appellative comes from the Latin word *appellativum* - a kindred noun, and is a kindred noun and other linguistic lexemes that are opposed to a proper noun, and which form the linguistic base for forming a proper noun [1: 16].

Toponyms reflect the people's past, customs, various political, social, and ethnocultural processes. Accordingly, toponymy is considered an important component of the vocabulary of a certain language, a signifier of past events.

Alisher Navoi's work is such an ocean that studying it linguistically requires the researcher to know a lot of things. Today's development of the Uzbek language cannot be imagined without the language of Navoi's works.

We studied the toponyms in Alisher Navoi's epic "Layli and Majnun" into the following groups:

1. Names of the country, region, valley, city, park and river:

Kashmir is a historical land located in Asia, between the Himalayas and Tibet. The first information about Kashmir can be found in the sources of the 6th century BC. "The inscriptions in it are like the highway of the land of Babylon, and the inside of the reed pen is the pit of Babylon."

Every step of the poem is sometimes edited,

Fitna aro literate Kashmiri.

Babil - Chohi Babil - according to legend, there is a well (well) in the city called Babylon, and two angels who fell from heaven and committed sins lie in the well, and this well is also called the source of magic. Here, Khusrav Dehlavi's work is likened to the highway of Babylon, and the brush of his pen to this era.

Babylon is the highway of all letters,
Babylon is also in the kilki.

The Kaaba is a Muslim shrine in the city of Mecca. The Kaaba is the Qiblah for Muslims, and prayers are performed facing it.

The difference between imagination and magic,
There is a small idol in front of the Kaaba
Mecca is a holy city for Muslims.
Not Bodia, but Makkah to Sham,
Dear Dasht Ahliga, thank you.
Yasrib is also known as the city of Medina.
Gah Yasrib, this light is fast
Zulmatqa ashiya ziyarez.
Sham is the name found in eastern manuscripts of Syria and Damascus.
It was the garden of Ravzadin Pishopa,
The people of Sham built a restaurant.

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Gah Shom uza chatri bemadoro,
It's clear in the morning.
Farang means Europe.
Who, Rum aro smoking manor,
Bokturdi ani Farang sori.
Chun gave a good look
Farangdin showed the demonstration.
Ayman Valley is the name of a place in Arabia
O fill the valley of Ayman,
Don't put it under your belt!

Iram, Bogi Iram is a legendary paradise-like beautiful and pleasant garden. In this verse, Layli is compared to a flower in the garden of Iram.

This grass would burn my date.
Put the flower of Iram in hell
Jayhun is the old name of Amudarya.
If my husband is sad Jayhun,
Borurmu ekin ul ashk maygun?

2. Names of mountains and peaks.

Najd is the name of a place between Iraq and Hijaz. Majnun leaves Layli and spends the day among wild animals on the top of the Najd mountain. From here, the location of the Layli tribe could be seen.

Gah Najd will burn to the world,
So smoke it and go to the sky.

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A spring from the foot of Najd
Kim, this kind of garden is clean.

Arafat is the name of a mountain around the city of Mecca, a place of pilgrimage.

The father of Majnun brought him from his body of love, took him to the Kaaba circumambulation, and with the pretext of prayer, the sweet song in his heart and the secret prayer in his memory with the song of prayer, the tongue out of his tongue and the people of Arafat. 'one.

Tur is a mountain in Arabia. According to legends, Prophet Moses went to see the beauty of God on Mount Tur.

Like Moses, an administrator of the work of righteousness,

Come to the throne of Islam and stand.

May this Tour be comforted,

The truth is that every breath is full of guilt.

Qaf is a legendary mountain that is thought to surround the whole earth.

And Moses by virtue

And Kafi is satisfied with Anko.

Izam is the name of a mountain in Arabia.

At times, Izam's lama was afghan,

On the horn there is a pechukki nori ayman.

Abu Qubays is the name of Mount Qubays.

Abu Qubays took a long time,

Andin is a sacred place.

The toponyms mentioned in the work reflect the people's past, customs, various political-social, ethno-cultural processes. Accordingly, toponymy is considered an important component of the vocabulary of a particular language, an indicator of past events.

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