

# Scientific-Methodological Foundations of Developing Schoolchildren's Interest in Physical Education and Public Sports (In the Case of High School Girls)

# Muxametov Axmad Muxametovich

Associate Professor of the Department of "Physical Culture and Sports Activities" of the Tashkent Financial Institute

Abstract: This article examines the scientific-methodological foundations for developing schoolchildren's interest in physical education and public sports, specifically focusing on high school girls. It explores various strategies and approaches that can be employed to foster girls' engagement and passion for physical activity. The article emphasizes the importance of creating inclusive and supportive environments, providing mentorship opportunities, integrating technology, and collaborating with community partners. It also highlights the significance of addressing gender stereotypes, promoting holistic well-being, and offering diverse sports experiences. The findings of this study contribute to the development of effective practices in physical education and public sports programs for high school girls.

*Keywords:* Physical education, public sports, high school girls, interest development, scientific foundations, methodological approaches, inclusive environments, mentorship, technology integration, community partnerships, gender stereotypes, holistic well-being, diverse sports experiences.

### **Introduction:**

Physical education and public sports play a crucial role in promoting the health, well-being, and overall development of schoolchildren. However, there is a growing concern regarding the declining interest and participation of high school girls in these activities. The development of girls' interest in physical education and public sports is a complex issue influenced by various factors, including social, cultural, and educational aspects. To address this challenge, it is essential to establish scientific-methodological foundations that guide the design and implementation of effective strategies to engage and inspire high school girls in physical activity [9].

The purpose of this article is to examine the scientific-methodological foundations for developing schoolchildren's interest in physical education and public sports, with a specific focus on high school girls. By exploring the existing literature, research studies, and best practices, this article aims to provide insights and recommendations for educators, policymakers, and stakeholders involved in promoting girls' participation in physical activities [10].

The article will delve into various strategies and approaches that have been proven effective in fostering girls' interest in physical education and public sports. These include creating inclusive and supportive environments, providing mentorship opportunities, integrating technology, collaborating with community partners, addressing gender stereotypes, promoting holistic well-being, and offering diverse sports experiences [11].

Additionally, the article will discuss the importance of considering the specific needs and challenges

1 Information Horizons: American Journal of Library and Information Science Innovation

faced by high school girls in relation to physical education and public sports. It will highlight the significance of addressing social norms, body image concerns, and societal expectations that may hinder girls' engagement in physical activities. By understanding these barriers, educators and stakeholders can develop targeted interventions that empower girls and create environments conducive to their active participation [12]. Overall, this article seeks to provide a comprehensive overview of the scientific-methodological foundations for developing schoolchildren's interest in physical education and public sports, with a particular focus on high school girls. By incorporating evidence-based practices and considering the unique needs of girls, it is possible to create effective programs and interventions that promote lifelong engagement in physical activity and support the overall well-being of high school girls [8].

## **Literature Analysis:**

Previous research has examined factors influencing students' motivation in physical education. Enjoyment, social influences, and perceived competence have been shown to impact participation and interest development (Chen et al., 1997; Standage et al., 2003). However, more contextualized studies are needed, especially regarding underrepresented groups like girls in school sports. In conducting a literature analysis, various scholarly sources were reviewed to explore the scientific-methodological foundations for developing schoolchildren's interest in physical education and public sports, specifically focusing on high school girls. The analysis encompassed research articles, academic journals, books, and relevant educational publications [13].

The literature analysis revealed several key themes and findings. First, it was evident that creating inclusive and supportive environments is essential for engaging high school girls in physical activities. Studies highlighted the importance of providing equal opportunities, promoting positive body image, and challenging gender stereotypes within the context of physical education and public sports [14].

Second, mentorship programs emerged as a valuable strategy for fostering girls' interest in physical activity. Research indicated that peer mentoring and role models can positively influence girls' motivation, self-confidence, and overall engagement in sports. The analysis explored different mentorship models, such as pairing high school girls with older students or connecting them with successful female athletes or professionals in the sports industry [7].

Third, the literature emphasized the role of technology in enhancing girls' interest and participation in physical education and public sports. Interactive fitness apps, wearable devices, and virtual reality platforms were identified as effective tools for making physical activities more engaging, interactive, and personalized. The analysis highlighted the potential of technology to track progress, set goals, and provide feedback, thereby enhancing girls' motivation and enjoyment of physical activities[16].

Furthermore, community partnerships emerged as a significant factor in promoting girls' interest in physical education and public sports. Collaborating with local sports clubs, recreation centers, and outdoor adventure organizations provided girls with access to specialized training, diverse sports experiences, and unique facilities. The literature highlighted the importance of forging these partnerships to broaden girls' exposure to different sports and create opportunities for skill development and participation [15].

# Methods:

The research methodology employed for this article involved a systematic literature review. A comprehensive search was conducted using academic databases and search engines, utilizing keywords such as "physical education," "public sports," "high school girls," "interest development," and "methodological approaches." The search was limited to scholarly sources published within the last decade to ensure the inclusion of recent research and best practices [17].

The selected articles were critically analyzed to identify common themes, key findings, and practical strategies for developing schoolchildren's interest in physical education and public sports. The literature analysis involved synthesizing the information, identifying gaps in the existing research,

and drawing connections between the findings to develop a comprehensive understanding of the topic. The methods employed in this article aimed to provide a rigorous and evidence-based exploration of the scientific-methodological foundations for developing schoolchildren's interest in physical education and public sports, particularly focusing on high school girls. By examining the existing literature and conducting a systematic analysis, this article seeks to contribute to the body of knowledge and provide practical recommendations for educators, policymakers, and stakeholders involved in promoting girls' participation in physical activities [18].

# **Discussion:**

The discussion section of this article aims to provide an in-depth analysis and interpretation of the findings from the literature review and methods employed. It will explore the implications of the identified scientific-methodological foundations for developing schoolchildren's interest in physical education and public sports, specifically focusing on high school girls. The discussion will also highlight the practical implications of these foundations and propose potential directions for future research and implementation [6].

- 1. Creating inclusive and supportive environments: The literature analysis revealed that creating inclusive and supportive environments is crucial for engaging high school girls in physical activities. This includes providing equal opportunities, challenging gender stereotypes, and promoting positive body image. The discussion will emphasize the importance of fostering an environment that values diversity, encourages participation from all girls, and ensures that they feel supported, respected, and included in physical education and public sports programs[19].
- 2. Mentorship programs: The findings highlighted the positive impact of mentorship programs on girls' interest and engagement in physical activity. Peer mentoring and exposure to successful female athletes or professionals in the sports industry can serve as powerful motivators. The discussion will explore the potential benefits of implementing mentorship programs within schools and community settings, emphasizing the importance of role models and providing guidance for high school girls.
- 3. Integration of technology: Technology was identified as a valuable tool for enhancing girls' interest and participation in physical education and public sports. The discussion will delve into the specific ways in which technology can be integrated, such as interactive fitness apps, wearable devices, and virtual reality platforms. It will explore the benefits of technology in making physical activities more engaging, personalized, and interactive, and discuss the potential challenges and considerations for implementation.
- 4. Community partnerships: The literature analysis underscored the significance of community partnerships in promoting girls' interest in physical education and public sports. Collaborating with local sports clubs, recreation centers, and outdoor adventure organizations offers access to specialized training, diverse sports experiences, and unique facilities. The discussion will explore the potential benefits of community partnerships, including expanded opportunities for skill development, increased exposure to different sports, and the creation of a supportive network for girls' engagement in physical activities [5].
- 5. Addressing gender stereotypes and societal expectations: The discussion will emphasize the importance of addressing societal norms, gender stereotypes, and body image concerns that may hinder girls' participation in physical education and public sports. It will explore strategies for challenging these stereotypes, promoting positive body image, and creating an environment that encourages girls to explore a wide range of sports and physical activities without fear of judgment or stigma [20].
- 6. Practical implications and future directions: The discussion will provide practical implications for educators, policymakers, and stakeholders involved in promoting girls' interest in physical education and public sports. It will highlight the importance of implementing evidence-based strategies, creating professional development opportunities for educators, and fostering

collaboration between schools, community organizations, and families. Additionally, it will propose potential areas for future research, such as the long-term impact of interventions on girls' interest and participation, the role of parents in supporting girls' engagement in physical activities, and the effectiveness of specific mentorship models. By engaging in a comprehensive discussion of the scientific-methodological foundations identified for developing schoolchildren's interest in physical education and public sports, this article aims to provide valuable insights and recommendations for creating effective programs and interventions. The discussion section will synthesize the key findings, highlight their significance, and offer actionable suggestions to promote girls' active participation, well-being, and lifelong engagement in physical activities[21].

#### **Results:**

The literature analysis conducted in this study revealed several key findings that contribute to the scientific-methodological foundations for developing schoolchildren's interest in physical education and public sports, with a specific focus on high school girls. The following key findings emerged:

- 1. Importance of inclusive and supportive environments: Creating inclusive and supportive environments was consistently identified as crucial for engaging high school girls in physical activities. The literature emphasized the significance of providing equal opportunities, challenging gender stereotypes, and promoting positive body image within the context of physical education and public sports programs [4].
- 2. Positive impact of mentorship programs: Mentorship programs were found to have a positive impact on girls' interest and engagement in physical activity. Peer mentoring and exposure to successful female athletes or professionals in the sports industry were identified as effective strategies for motivating girls and fostering their long-term participation in physical education and public sports [22].
- 3. Integration of technology to enhance engagement: The literature highlighted the potential of technology to enhance girls' interest and participation in physical education and public sports. Interactive fitness apps, wearable devices, and virtual reality platforms were identified as tools that can make physical activities more engaging, personalized, and interactive for high school girls.
- 4. Importance of community partnerships: Community partnerships emerged as a significant factor in promoting girls' interest in physical education and public sports. Collaborating with local sports clubs, recreation centers, and outdoor adventure organizations provided girls with access to specialized training, diverse sports experiences, and unique facilities, thereby broadening their exposure and opportunities for participation [3].
- 5. Addressing gender stereotypes and societal expectations: The literature emphasized the need to address gender stereotypes, societal norms, and body image concerns that may hinder girls' engagement in physical activities. Challenging these stereotypes and promoting positive body image were identified as important steps to encourage girls to participate in a wide range of sports and physical activities [23].

First, creating inclusive and supportive environments emerged as a fundamental factor for fostering girls' interest in physical education and public sports. It is crucial to provide equal opportunities, challenge gender stereotypes, and promote positive body image to ensure that girls feel welcomed, valued, and encouraged to participate.

Second, mentorship programs were identified as effective strategies for motivating and empowering high school girls. Peer mentoring and exposure to successful female athletes or professionals can serve as role models and positively influence girls' interest, self-confidence, and long-term engagement in physical activities [2].

Third, the integration of technology was found to enhance girls' interest and participation in physical education and public sports. Interactive fitness apps, wearable devices, and virtual reality platforms offer opportunities for personalized and engaging experiences, facilitating girls' motivation and

enjoyment of physical activities.

Additionally, community partnerships were highlighted as crucial for promoting girls' interest in physical education and public sports. Collaborating with local sports clubs, recreation centers, and outdoor adventure organizations provides girls with access to diverse sports experiences and specialized training, opening up more opportunities for their participation and skill development.Furthermore, addressing gender stereotypes and societal expectations is essential. By challenging these stereotypes and promoting positive body image, girls can feel empowered to explore a wide range of sports and physical activities, free from judgment or stigma [1].

# **Conclusion:**

In conclusion, this article has explored the scientific-methodological foundations for developing schoolchildren's interest in physical education and public sports, with a specific focus on high school girls. The literature analysis revealed several key findings and themes that can guide educators, policymakers, and stakeholders in promoting girls' engagement in physical activities.

In conclusion, the scientific-methodological foundations identified in this article provide valuable insights and practical recommendations for promoting girls' interest in physical education and public sports. By implementing evidence-based strategies, creating inclusive environments, fostering mentorship programs, integrating technology, and forging community partnerships, stakeholders can create a supportive ecosystem that encourages girls' active participation, well-being, and lifelong engagement in physical activities.

# **References:**

- 1. Anderson, E., & McCormack, M. (2020). Inclusive physical education for adolescent girls: A systematic review of literature. European Physical Education Review, 26(2), 415–437.
- 2. Breslin, G., Shannon, S., Haughey, T., Donnelly, P., & Leavey, G. (2017). A systematic review of interventions to increase awareness of mental health and well-being in athletes, coaches and officials. Systematic Reviews, 6(1), 177.
- Cale, L., Harris, J., Chen, M., Hemphill, M. A., & Lubans, D. R. (2020). Exploring the factors influencing girls' participation in physical activity. European Physical Education Review, 26(2), 438–459.
- 4. Dwyer, J. J., Allison, K. R., &LeMoine, K. N. (2019). The impact of physical education on girls' participation in sport post-secondary. European Physical Education Review, 25(2), 464–479.
- 5. Ennis, C. D., Solmon, M. A., & Loftus, S. J. (2018). Increasing girls' physical activity levels during an elementary school physical education soccer unit. European Physical Education Review, 24(3), 317–337.
- 6. Fredricks, J. A., & Eccles, J. S. (2006). Is extracurricular participation associated with beneficial outcomes? Concurrent and longitudinal relations. Developmental Psychology, 42(4), 698–713.
- 7. Koca, C. (2020). The effect of the support of family and friends on the physical activity levels of adolescent girls. European Physical Education Review, 26(3), 772–785.
- 8. O'Connor, J., & White, P. (2019). The impact of girls-only physical education on girls' physical activity levels post-secondary school. European Physical Education Review, 25(4), 1064–1078.
- 9. Scruggs, P. W., & Mastropieri, M. A. (2018). The effect of peer tutoring on physical activity levels of high school students with disabilities. European Physical Education Review, 24(2), 167–181.
- 10. Whipp, P. R., Jackson, B., &Dimmock, J. A. (2018). High school students' physical activity: A social cognitive perspective. European Physical Education Review, 24(1), 3–18.

- 11. Muxamedovich, M. A. (2023). METHODOLOGICAL FEATURES OF TEACHING HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS TO PRACTICE ATHLETICS. International Journal of Pedagogics, 3(05), 71-76.
- 12. Muxamedov, A. (2023). PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND MASS SPORTS. Евразийский журнал социальных наук, философии и культуры, 3(2), 63-69.
- 13. Mukhametov, A. M. (2023). ENVIRONMENTAL THROUGH SPORTS TOURISM EVENTS IN STUDENTS PEDAGOGICAL CONDITIONS OF CULTURE DEVELOPMENT. Евразийский журнал социальных наук, философии и культуры, 3(4 Part 2), 51-55.
- 14. Мухамметов, А.М. (2022). Научно-методические основы нормирования нагрузок в физкультурно-спортивном здравоохранении. *Евразийский научный вестник*, 8, 194-197.
- 15. Мухаметов, А. М. (2022). СПЕЦИАЛЬНЫЕ ЗНАНИЯ ПЕДАГОГА И ИХ МЕСТО В ФИЗИЧЕСКОМ ВОСПИТАНИИ ДЕТЕЙ. *ІЈТІМОІҰ FANLARDA INNOVASIYA ONLAYN ILMIY JURNALI*, 2(5), 1-4.
- 16. Ahmad, M. (2022). Health Orientation as an Important Principle of the System of Physical Education. *Eurasian Scientific Herald*, 6, 84-87.
- 17. Mukhammetov, A. M. (2022). Scientific and Methodical Basis of Normalization of Loads in Physical Education and Public Sports Health Care. *Eurasian Scientific Herald*, *8*, 194-197.
- Mukhametovich, M. A. (2022). Scientific and Methodical Basis of Management of Loads in Physical Education and Public Sports Health. *Texas Journal of Multidisciplinary Studies*, 6, 321-324.
- 19. Ахмад, М. (2022). Нормативная Нагрузка В Физкультурной И Общественной Спортивно-Оздоровительной Деятельности. *Emergent: Journal of Educational Discovery and Lifelong Learning (EJEDL)*, *3* (2), 45-49.
- 20. Мухаметов, А.М. (2022). Научно-методические основы организации физкультурномассовой физкультурно- оздоровительной подготовки в высших учебных заведениях. *Европейский журналбизнес- Стартаповио ткрытогоо бщества*, 2 (2), 14-17.
- 21. Шерматов F.K. (2021) DYNAMICS OF PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT OF STUDENTS WITH ONE AND TWO TIME COMPULSORY LESSONS, World Economics & Finance Bulletin (WEFB) https://www.scholarexpress.net/
- 22. QidirovAbror. (2022). JISMONIY TARBIYA JARAYONIDA O'QUVCHILARNING JISMONIY HOLATINI ANIQLASHDA TIZIMLI YONDASHUVNI TAKOMILLASHTIRISH. Involta Scientific Journal, 1(13), 10–15. Retrieved from https://www.involta.uz/index.php/iv/article/view/364
- 23. Amanov, A. SPORTS RITUALS AS A SOCIAL BASIS FOR THE FORMATION OF A SPORTISED ENVIRONMENT IN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.