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Sports Tourism Is A Method of Developing General Endurance In High School Children

Tillayev Sharifjon

is a part-time teacher of Ferghana State University

Usmanov Alisher Ghafforali's son

is a part-time teacher at Ferghana State University

Abstract: the article is devoted to a comprehensive study of the impact of sports tourism on the development of general endurance in children of secondary school age. The special importance of endurance for human life, as well as the use of sports tourism as a method of increasing physical endurance, was determined and justified. The analysis of modern methodological literature showed that there are almost no specific recommendations for developing and increasing endurance in sports tourism, as a result of which a set of author's exercises was developed to control the level of endurance used in training and research.

Keywords: sports tourism, methods of teaching endurance for high school students, author's set of exercises.

Interest in the possibilities of the human body has not always faded. In Russia, the health of the young generation is an urgent problem. One of the tasks of a modern physical education teacher is to improve the process of physical education of schoolchildren. The passive lifestyle of a modern child, physical inactivity, deterioration of the living environment, especially in the city - all this leads to a low ability to work at school, difficulties in performing physical exercises (even at the level of school standards for physical education). As a result, life expectancy is low. Physical endurance is of particular importance for human life, especially for sports activities. Endurance is essential in all forms of human activity, and of course athletes need it more than anyone else. At this stage, it is known that resilience is a quality that can be formed from a very early age.

Endurance is the body's ability to resist fatigue. One of the ways to develop it can be sports tourism. Sports tourism contributes to the well-rounded development of a person, which shows the need to develop this type of sport among children. Tourism as a sport opens great opportunities for the development of the most versatile qualities of a child: physical, moral-will, psychological, patriotic and even aesthetic. At its core, children's sports tourism combines additional education, sports and active recreation with a high health factor. For children who decide to engage in sports tourism, it is very important to have general and special endurance. The development of this quality helps to correctly solve the sports problems on the route: correctly distribute the forces when performing various exercises and techniques, perform these methods without much muscle strain, especially if the duration is from six to several days in a possible sports walk.

In modern methodological literature, unfortunately, there are few specific recommendations for developing and increasing endurance in sports tourism. We proposed a set of exercises for the physical fitness of tourist athletes: cycles of the training process aimed at increasing the general endurance of young tourists, taking into account the seasonal nature of the training (gyms, winter, hiking in the summer).

Physical fitness of tourists should be constant and year-round, therefore, the recommended set of exercises for tourist athletes fully meets the seasonal requirements of the climate zone of the northern region of our country, and many obstacles, forms artificially is characterized by the ability to imitate. The elements of the mountainous terrain are also the conditions for overcoming them without organizing a trip to the mountains. The main purpose of this complex is to increase the size of oxidative muscle fibers, which play an important role in the overall endurance of the athlete. We used the following exercises to develop general endurance in middle-aged children involved in sports tourism:

Table 1. Schedule of exercises and tests to control the level of endurance used in the training and research process:

№	Tests and exercises	Place and parameters of	What develops	Periodic - test value	Notes				
		exercise	ac vers ps	0000 (0000					
	Tests								
1	Test	School stadium /	- aerobic	6 months	During the				
	"6 minute run"	maximum run 6	endurance		competition				
	Bogdanov	minutes	-		the athlete				
		distance	psychological		should not				
			stability		know how				
			- endurance		much time has				
					passed				
					time				
2	12 minute test	School stadium /	- aerobic	6 months	During the				
		12 minute max	endurance		competition				
		run	-		the athlete				
		distance	psychological		should not				
			stability		know				
			- endurance		how much				
					time has				
					passed				
3	Maximal oxygen	Measurement of		6 months	AKSM formul				
	consumption	maximal oxygen			According to				
		consumption			the AKSM				
		(maximal oxygen							
		consumption)							
			xercises						
4	Exercise	School / for a	- aerobic	1-2	used as an				
	- test	while rise to the	endurance	months	exercise				
	"ladder"	4th floor							
5	Test - exercises	Sports hall No. 1,	- special	2 times a	It is used as a				
	"3-2-1"	2 and 3	endurance	month	physical				
		Class 2 remote	- endurance		exercise				
		blocks							

6	Running through	Gym No. 2 60 m	aerobic and	2-3 times a	used as an
	obstacles around the	5 hurdles	special	week	exercise
	gym		endurance	times	
7	Exercise - test No. 1	gym No. 2	anaerobic	2-3 times a	It is used as a
		performing FUs	endurance	week	physical
		in a row for a		times	exercise
		period of time			
8	Running on	The school	general and	Once a week	The weight of
	equipment	stadium / runs a	special	from April	the equipment
		certain distance	endurance	until	can reach 6-7
		rope equipment,		November	kg -
		from 3 to 12 km.			Depending on
					the class
					distances
9	Running on the	The area of the	anaerobic	2-3 times a	Orienteering
	ground, running	forest park is 5-6	endurance	week	competition
	slowly uphill	km.		times (period	with an
				summer and	increase (from
				autumn)	100
					up to 300 m.)
10	Pull up	g/hall No. 2, a	strength	2-3 times a	Works in 40
	a pole on which a	sleeper on the	endurance	week	seconds
	foot rests on a	gymnastic stairs		times	30 with a
	gymnastic ladder				break

"The formation of social activity of boys and girls in sports tourism is primarily related to the organization of their intense spiritual life, creative knowledge work; secondly, to consciously participate in socially useful and effective work in order to choose the right social orientation and life path; thirdly, the participation of students of general education schools in socio-political activities, that is, in the end, active fulfillment of social responsibility. In addition, activity in one type of activity helps to master other types of activity. In the works dedicated to the study of the content and definition of the regulatory and legal bases of the organization of sports tourism activities for children, it was noted that "tourism is one of the most reasonable types of professional practical training and free time." The social direction of sports tourism health promotion is also of great importance for the state. Its social function is that, firstly, it attracts the most socially vulnerable sections of the population, because it is the cheapest and most convenient form of recreation and activity; secondly, it is a school of social adaptation of the population to stressful situations in the life of modern society; thirdly, it participates in solving a large number of practical issues, for example, in training young people for a profession related to military service. The importance of sports tourism activities in deepening knowledge of general education educational subjects, instilling work skills, discipline and moral-willed qualities in students has been revealed in many scientific and methodical sources. These resources are the result of the interaction between the personality of the student, the purposefully organized educational environment (educational institution, additional educational institution for children, including structural units of the school) and the development of the individual through sports tourism activities. confirms its development and upbringing. A school, association or club (pedagogical team and teacher activity, their didactic

and technological system, influence of certain family conditions and conditions outside the school) is a self-influencing environment.

Thus, the purpose of developing students' interest in sports tourism activities and educating their personalities is to help them in their all-round development and life education, to ensure a conscious choice of profession and determination. In this regard, the training of young tourists in the implementation of educational programs for providing additional education to children will help to form in students the need for continuous acquisition of knowledge and broadening of their worldview, and then at the end of each year It is planned to organize and hold a multi-day tourist excursion event - multi-day excursion trips, expeditions, marches, rallies, etc.

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